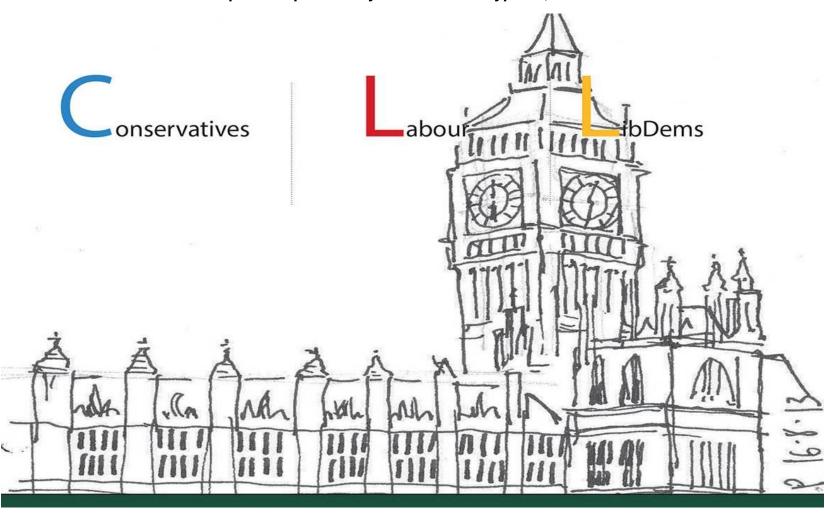


General Election manifestos 2019

What the main political parties say in relation to Gypsies, Roma and Travellers





Accommodation

Conservative

- Tackle unauthorised Traveller camps. Propose giving the police new powers to arrest and seize the property and vehicles of trespassers who set up unauthorised encampments, in order to protect communities;
- Make intentional trespass a criminal offence, and will also give councils greater powers within the planning system;
- Reform shared ownership, making it fairer and more transparent;
- Extend the Help to Buy scheme from 2021 to 2023;
- Maintain a commitment to a Right to Buy for all council tenants.
 Increase number of homes being built.

Labour

- Deliver a new social housebuilding programme of more than a million homes over a decade:
- Propose to establish a new duty on councils to plan and build these homes in their area, and fund them to do so, with backing from national government;
- Scrap the current bogus definition of 'affordable' and replace with a definition linked to local incomes:
- Make available 8,000 additional homes for people with a history of rough sleeping;
- Repeal the Vagrancy Act and amend antisocial behaviour legislation;
- End rough sleeping within five years, with a national plan driven by a prime minister-led taskforce.

Liberal Democrats

- Build at least 100,000 homes for social rent each year and ensure that total housebuilding increases to 300,000 each year;
- Allow local authorities to increase council tax by up to 500 per cent where homes are being bought as second homes;
- Improve protections against rogue landlords through mandatory licensing;
- Introduce a 'somewhere safe to stay' legal duty to ensure that everyone who is at risk of sleeping rough is provided with emergency accommodation and an assessment of their needs;
- Increase Local Housing Allowance in line with average rents in an area.

Brexit

Conservative

Get Brexit Done.

Labour

 Draft a new EU exit deal and put to a People's Vote.

Liberal Democrats

Stop Brexit.



Conservative

- Get rid of the Fixed Term Parliaments Act;
- Introduce identification to vote at polling stations;
- Introduce measures to prevent any foreign interference in elections;
- Repeal section 40 of the Crime and Courts Act 2014, which seeks to coerce the press;
- Do not proceed with the second stage of the Leveson Inquiry.

Democracy and voter rights

Labour

- Repeal the Fixed-term Parliaments Act 2011;
- Scrap voter identification bill;
- Reduce the voting age to 16;
- Address misconduct and the unresolved failures of corporate governance raised by the second stage of the Leveson Inquiry;
- Consider an inquiry into 'fake news':
- Strengthen Ofcom's powers;
- Repeal the Lobbying Act 2014 and overhaul the rules that govern corporate lobbying.

- Introduce proportional representation through the Single Transferable Vote for electing MPs, and local councillors in England;
- Scrap voter identification bill;
- Give 16- and 17-year olds the right to vote in elections and referendums;
- Establish a legal duty on local authorities to inform citizens of how to register to vote;
- Bring into force Section 106 of the Equality Act 2010, requiring political parties to publish candidate diversity data;
- Introduce a Leveson-compliant regulator to be given oversight of both privacy and quality, diversity and choice in both print and online media;
- Proceed with Part Two of the Leveson Inquiry.



Domestic Abuse

Conservative

- Pass the Domestic Abuse Bill;
- Increase support for refuges and community support for victims of rape and sexual abuse;
- Pass and implement a Victims' Law that guarantees victims' rights and support;
- Pilot integrated domestic abuse courts that address criminal and family matters in parallel.

Labour

- Reintroduce a Domestic Abuse Bill:
- Ratify both the Istanbul Convention on preventing domestic abuse and the ILO Convention on Violence and Harassment at work;
- Appoint a Commissioner for Violence against Women and Girls:
- Establish a National Refuge Fund;
- Improve the safety of the family court system for domestic violence victims and prohibit their crossexamination by their abuser;
- Introduce 10 days of paid leave for survivors of domestic abuse;
- Ensure women's refuges receive the long-term sustainable funding they need;
- Misogyny and violence against women and girls will become hate crimes.

Liberal Democrats

- Legislate for a statutory definition of domestic abuse that includes its effects on children:
- Ratify and bring into law the Istanbul Convention;
- Expand the number of refuges and rape crisis centres to meet demand;
- Ensure sustainable grant-funding for specialist independent support services;
- Give local authorities the duty and funding to provide accommodation and support for survivors of abuse;
- Establish a national rape crisis helpline;
- Ensure access to special measures for survivors in all courts and preventing direct crossexamination of survivors by their abusers.

Education & childcare

Conservative

• 30+ hours free childcare;

Labour

- 30+ hours free childcare;
- Invest an additional £4.5 billion pounds to all 2-4 year-olds;

- 35 hours free childcare;
- Invest £1 billion a year in Children's Centres;



- A new £1 billion fund to help create more high quality, affordable childcare;
- Raise teachers' starting salaries to £30,000;
- Expand 'alternative provision' schools:
- Back heads and teachers on discipline;
- Back heads to use exclusions; help teachers tackle bullying;
- £400 million for 16-19 education.

- Reintroduce Sure Start Centres;
- create a National Education Service;
- Introduce free school meals for all primary age children;
- Scrap Key Stage 1 and 2 SATs;
- Scrap and replace Ofsted;
- Scrap Third level tuition fees and reinstate the grant.

- Scrap mandatory SATs;
- Reverse cuts to school funding, employing an extra 20,000 schoolteachers;
- Replace Ofsted with a new HM Inspector of Schools;
- Reinstate maintenance grants for the poorest students;
- Establish a review of higher education finance.

Health and mental health

Conservative

- 50,000 more nurses in 5 years;
- Students nurses will receive a £5,000-£8,000 annual maintenance grant every year;
- Increase the NHS surcharge paid by those from overseas;
- Wll treat mental health with the same urgency as physical health;
- Legislate so that patients suffering from mental health conditions have greater control over their treatment.

Labour

- Increase expenditure across the health sector by an average 4.3% a year;
- Introduce a training bursary for nurses, midwives and allied health professionals;
- Provide an additional £1.6 billion a year to ensure new standards for mental health are enshrined in the NHS constitution:
- Implement in full the recommendations set out in the independent review of the Mental Health Act;

- £7 billion a year ring-fenced funding for the NHS and social care:
- Transform mental health by treating it with the same urgency as physical health;
- Publish a National Wellbeing Strategy.



- Double the annual spend on children and adolescent mental health services:
- Free annual NHS dental checkups;
- Guarantee universal healthcare to all.

Human Rights, Discrimination and Equality

Conservative

- Update the Human Rights Act and administrative law and set up a Constitution, Democracy & Rights Commission that will examine these and other issues in depth;
- Review EU legislation and regulations;
- End the role of the European Court of Justice:
- End Freedom of Movement for EU nationals.

Labour

- Develop a comprehensive Gypsy, Roma and Traveller community equality strategy to tackle persistent inequalities, in particular within housing, education and criminal justice;
- End racism and discrimination against Gypsy, Roma and Traveller communities:
- Create a new Department for Women and Equalities;
- Equality audit all policies before, during and after implementation;
- Enhance the powers and functions of the Equality and Human Rights Commission;
- Keep the Human Rights Act and Convention on Human Rights;
- End the Hostile Environment;

- Maintain freedom of movement for EU nationals:
- Maintain the Human Rights Act and the European Convention on Human Rights;
- Scrap the Hostile Environment;
- End indefinite detention and take powers away from the Home Office;
- Make hate crimes aggravated offences.



 Grant EU nationals the automatic right to continue living and working in the UK.

Prisons, Probations and Justice

Conservative

- Add 10,000 more prison places, with £2.75 billion already committed to refurbishing and creating modern prisons;
- Toughen community sentences;
- Conduct a root-and-branch review of the parole system;
- Introduce tougher sentencing for the worst offenders;
- Maintain the ban on prisoners voting from jail;
- Invest £500 million in youth services for young people;
- Make it easier for police officers to stop and search those convicted of knife crime.

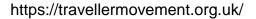
Labour

- Tackle the disproportionate levels of BAME children in custody;
- Review the youth custody estate, strengthen youth courts and build on the Lammy Review;
- Restore all early legal aid advice, including for housing, social security, family and immigration cases;
- Review the Prevent programme;
- Set new standards for community sentences and introduce a presumption against prison sentences of six months or less for non-violent and non-sexual offences;
- Invest in proven alternatives to custody, including women's centres, expand problem-solving courts and plug the funding gap in the female offender strategy;
- Legal aid for inquests into deaths in state custody;
- Recruit hundreds of new community lawyers;

- Reduce the overrepresentation of people from BAME backgrounds throughout the criminal justice system;
- Invest £500 million to restore Legal Aid;
- Adopt a public health approach to serious violence, including youth violence:
- Invest £1 billion to restore community policing, enough for two new police officers in every ward.
- Provide a £500m ring-fenced youth services;
- End the disproportionate use of Stop and Search;
- Introduce a presumption against short prison sentences;
- Increase the use of tough community sentences and restorative justice where appropriate;
- Establish a Women's Justice Board and provide specialist training for all staff in contact with



	 Build an expanded network of law centres; Create and fund a National Youth Service. 	women in the criminal justice system.
Small businesses		
 Cut the burden of tax on business by reducing business rates; Further reduce taxes for small retail businesses and for local music venues, pubs and cinemas; New £3 billion National Skills Fund; support start-ups and small businesses via government procurement; Launch a review to explore how we can better support the self-employed. 	 Tackle late payments that leave small businesses waiting months to be paid, including banning late payers from public procurement; Reverse cuts to corporation tax while keeping rates lower than in 2010; Ensure no quarterly reporting for businesses below the VAT threshold; Self-employed people will benefit from a broad range of policies, from free childcare and full-fibre broadband to face-to-face lending and business support through Labour's Post Bank 	 Replace Business Rates in England with a Commercial Landowner Levy; Create a new 'start-up allowance' to help those starting a new business with their living costs in the crucial first weeks of their business; Prioritise small and medium-sized businesses in the rollout of hyperfast broadband; Expand the rights and benefits available to those in insecure forms of employment, such as offering parental leave and pay to the self-employed.
Social care		
£1 billion extra of funding every year for more social care staff and better infrastructure, technology and facilities.	 Build a National Care Service; Repeal the Health and Social Care Act; 	 Liberal Democrats Reform the Health and Social Care Act as recommended by the NHS;





- Launch a wholesale review of the care system;
- Rebuild early intervention services
- Replace the Troubled Families programme with a Stronger Families programme, refocused on long-term support to reduce the risk of children going into care;
- Protect and build on Staying Put for over-18s in care and the Adoption Support Fund.

- Additional funding for social care through taxation;
- Establish a cross-party health and social care convention.

Taxes, contracts and wages

Conservative

- Will not raise the rates of income tax, National Insurance or VAT;
- Increase in the National Living Wage to two thirds of average earnings, currently forecast at £10.50 an hour;
- Increase the Employment Allowance for small businesses.

Labour

- Freeze National Insurance and income tax rates for everyone earning under £80,000 p.a;
- Reverse cuts to corporation tax;
- Establish a Ministry for Employment Rights;
- Introduce Real Living Wage of at least £10 per hour for all workers;
- End zero-hours contracts and strengthen trade union rights;
- No increases in VAT;
- Greater protections for the selfemployed.

- 1p rise on the basic, higher and additional rates of Income Tax;
- Restore Corporation Tax to 20 per cent;
- Consult on how to set a genuine Living Wage across all sectors;
- Establish a powerful new Worker Protection Enforcement Authority;
- Setting a 20 per cent higher minimum wage for people on zerohour contracts;



'zero hours'; • Strengthen the ability of unions to

represent workers effectively.

 Giving a right to request a fixedhours contract after 12 months for

Welfare and Universal credit

Conservative

- Continue the roll-out of Universal Credit:
- End the benefit freeze:
- Publish a National Strategy for Disabled People before the end of 2020.

Labour

- Scrap Universal Credit;
- Scrap the benefit cap and the two child limit:
- Introduce a right to food;
- Implement an emergency package of reforms to mitigate some of the worst features of UC while developing a replacement system;
- Pay childcare costs up front so that parents aren't forced to turn down work or get into debt to pay for childcare:
- Protect women in abusive relationships by splitting payments and paying the child element to the primary carer;
- End the digital barrier and offer telephone, face-to-face and outreach support.

- Reform Universal Credit to be more supportive of the selfemployed;
- Establish a legal right to food;
- Introduce a principle of universal access to basic services:
- Invest £6 billion per year to make the benefits system work for people who need it;
- Reduce the wait for the first benefits payment from five weeks to five days.